M410 CO Module

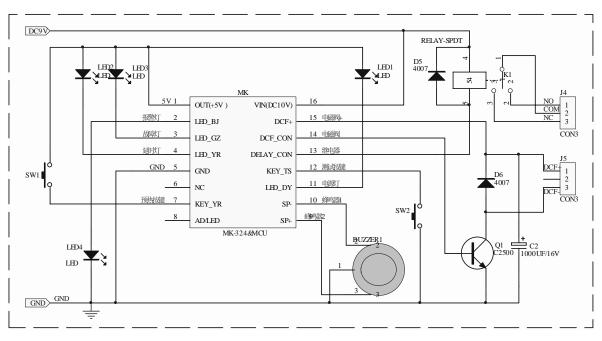
M410 adopts Electrochemical sensor, which has basic functions of household CO lalarm: electric power light, warm-up light, fault lamp, output signal of alarm lamp; buzzer, relay, output signal of electromagnetic valve; input signal of testing button, canceling warm-up button input. This module can be used for complete device development of household CO alarm.



1, Technical specification:

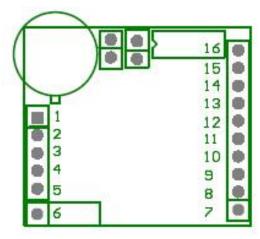
| Target Gas: | Carbon Monoxide | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Detection Range: | 50-400ppm(CO) | | | |
| Type of sensor: | Electrochemical | | | |
| Working voltage | 9.0V±1.0V | | | |
| Working Current: | < 40mA | | | |
| Output: | To be external connection with 4 LED, 2 buttons,1 buzzer, 1 DC relay and 1 Solenoid valve | | | |
| Accuracy: | ±20ppm(CO) | | | |
| Life Expectancy: | >3 years | | | |
| Standard Working Condition: | Temperature:0 \sim 55 $^\circ\mathrm{C}$ | | | |
| | Humidity:20% \sim 90%RH | | | |
| Storage Condition: | Temperature:-20 \sim 70 $^\circ \! \mathrm{C}$ | | | |
| | Humidity:20% \sim 90%RH | | | |
| Dimension: | 26.9x24.2x24.2mm (LxWxH) | | | |

2, Application field: Household gas leak alarm, gas leak controller, fuel gas leak shutoff valve.



M410 recommended diagram of application principle

3, Physical dimension:



M410 diagram of pin

4, Functional description of pin:

Attn: When VCC=5V, the minimum of high level is 4.2V (10mA Source Current), and the maximum of low level is 0.7V (10mA Sink Current).

| Pin Nos. | Function | Functional description | |
|----------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Pin1 | DC5V | +5Voutput | |
| Pin2 | Alarm lamp LED drive | To output high level when alarming | |
| Pin3 | Fault lamp LED drive | To output low level when it has fault | |
| Pin4 | Warm-up lamp LED drive | To output low level during the warm-up course | |
| Pin5 | GND | Direct current supply | |
| Pin6 | NC | Hang in the air | |
| Pin7 | Keystroke | To cancel warm-up by knobbing down this button during the warm-up course | |
| Pin8 | NC | Hang in the air | |
| Pin9 | Buzzer drive 1 | Piezoelectric buzzer (three-terminal)oscillator output | |
| Pin10 | Buzzer drive 2 | Piezoelectric buzzer (three-terminal)oscillator output | |
| Pin11 | Electric Power lamp LED drive | To output low level during normal operating period | |
| Pin12 | Keystroke | To detect basic function by knobbing down this button during normal operating period | |
| Pin13 | Relay drive | To output high level and connect with relay directly when giving alarm | |
| Pin14 | Electromagnetic valve drive | To output high level when giving alarm(specific refer to application circuit) | |
| Pin15 | Electromagnetic valve drive | To charge electromagnetic valve in voltage regulation and capacity during normal operating period | |
| Pin16 | VCC | Modular power input +9V | |

5, Installation instruction:

This module connects with external part by adopting PH2.0 configuration of single-row inserting pin. When using it, you just need insert the module into pre-set circuit. If the joint strength of the module need to be enhanced, you can weld the module on the circuit board directly.

6, Calibration:

Required equipments: DC12V-adjustable electric power, air box with vent fan, injector, sample gas bag, M402-calibrated fixture.

(1) Calibration method of alarm point 1: installing the module on M402-calibrated fixture and being aged by switching on electric power for 3 minutes. Through injecting into the definite concentration of gas and adjusting the comparative-point potentiometer, M402 will be on the state of alarm, and this point is comparative-point alarm.

(2) Calibration method of alarm point 2: According to the particularity of sensor, you can work out the value of alarm point. When M402 is welding, the potentiometer will be substituted by the fixed resistance, and this point is comparative-point alarm.

(3) Inspection of alarm point: Open the box of calibration, then make module connect up electric power again till the warm-up of module is over. Now make a good seal of the air box, and then inject gas into the air box slowly to inspect whether the alarm point of module is satisfied to requirements. If not, please repeat the above steps.

7, Precautions:

(1) The module should be calibrated in the environment of undisturbed gas.

(2) Do not make the module contact with high concentration gas for long time, or the sensitivity will decline rapidly.

(3) Although the module has a good capability of anti-seismic, it should not be shocked excessively.

| Nos. | Material label | Material name | Model and specification of material | Quantity |
|------|----------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|
| 1 | MK | Module | M402 | 1 |
| 2 | D1、D2 | Kenotron tube | 1N4007 | 2 |
| 3 | LED1 | Light emitting diode | Green | 1 |
| 4 | LED2、LED3 | Light emitting diode | Yellow | 2 |
| 5 | LED4 | Light emitting diode | Red | 1 |
| 6 | K1 | Electromagnetic relay | DC9V | 1 |
| 7 | Q1 | Dynatron | C2500 | 1 |
| 8 | LS1 | Buzzer | 9V piezoelectric buzzer | 1 |
| 9 | SW1、SW2 | Feather-touch switch | | 2 |
| 10 | C1 | Electrolytic capacitor | 1000uF/16V | 1 |

8, Diagram of application principle BOM: